Control Valve for Forklift

Forklift Control Valve - The earliest mechanized control systems were being utilized over two thousand years ago. In Alexandria Egypt, the ancient Ktesibios water clock built in the third century is believed to be the first feedback control machine on record. This particular clock kept time by means of regulating the water level within a vessel and the water flow from the vessel. A common design, this successful machine was being made in the same way in Baghdad when the Mongols captured the city in 1258 A.D.

All through history, various automatic devices have been used to be able to simply entertain or to accomplish specific tasks. A common European design throughout the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries was the automata. This particular device was an example of "open-loop" control, consisting dancing figures that will repeat the same task repeatedly.

Feedback or likewise known as "closed-loop" automatic control equipments consist of the temperature regulator found on a furnace. This was developed during 1620 and accredited to Drebbel. Another example is the centrifugal fly ball governor developed during the year 1788 by James Watt and utilized for regulating steam engine speed.

The Maxwell electromagnetic field equations, discovered by J.C. Maxwell wrote a paper in 1868 "On Governors," that was able to explaining the exhibited by the fly ball governor. So as to explain the control system, he made use of differential equations. This paper demonstrated the usefulness and importance of mathematical models and methods in relation to comprehending complicated phenomena. It likewise signaled the start of systems theory and mathematical control. Previous elements of control theory had appeared before by not as dramatically and as convincingly as in Maxwell's study.

Within the following 100 years control theory made huge strides. New developments in mathematical methods made it possible to more precisely control significantly more dynamic systems than the original fly ball governor. These updated techniques consist of different developments in optimal control in the 1950s and 1960s, followed by advancement in robust, stochastic, adaptive and optimal control methods during the 1970s and the 1980s.

New applications and technology of control methodology has helped make cleaner engines, with cleaner and more efficient processes helped make communication satellites and even traveling in space possible.

Initially, control engineering was practiced as a part of mechanical engineering. Moreover, control theory was initially studied as part of electrical engineering as electrical circuits can often be simply explained with control theory methods. Now, control engineering has emerged as a unique practice.

The very first controls had current outputs represented with a voltage control input. To implement electrical control systems, the correct technology was unavailable at that time, the designers were left with less efficient systems and the option of slow responding mechanical systems. The governor is a very effective mechanical controller that is still normally used by various hydro plants. In the long run, process control systems became obtainable prior to modern power electronics. These process controls systems were normally used in industrial applications and were devised by mechanical engineers making use of hydraulic and pneumatic control equipments, lots of which are still being used these days.